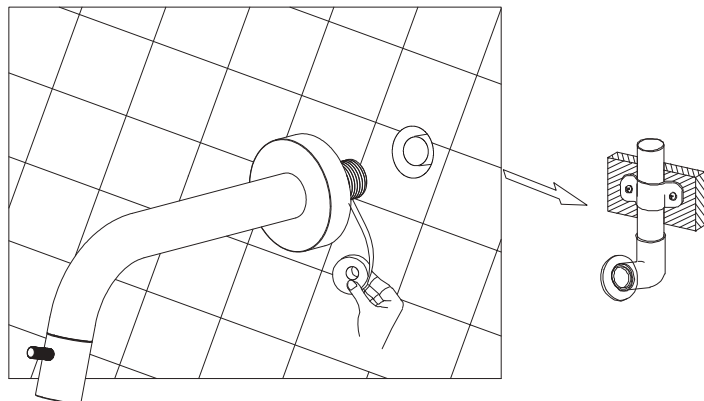
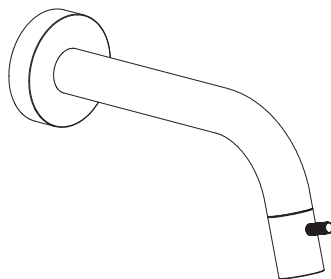


Manual

PRM9330

STRIA COLD WATER TAP - WALL MOUNTED



Installation:

1. Wrap the thread of spout with teflon tape (ensure it must wrap clockwise). Screw-in to the inlet pipe inside the wall, then install the decorative cover on the wall clingy.

Maintenance and cleaning Instructions for faucets, overhead and hand showers

To keep your faucets, overhead and hand showers made of metal or plastic in optimal condition, it is important to rinse off soap and/or toothpaste residues immediately after use and to thoroughly dry the product. Always use a soft sponge or cloth for this purpose. This helps maintain its aesthetic appearance and extends the lifespan of your product.

Important notes:

Metal products can react to cleaning agents containing acids and chlorine. This reaction may lead to discoloration and damage to the surface, which is difficult or impossible to repair.

Cleaning Tips:

- After use, rinse with cold water and dry with a soft, non-abrasive cloth.
- Use mild cleaning agents such as green soap.
- Clean with a cleaner specifically designed for metal (suitable for the type of metal of the faucet).
- Cleaning the aerator: Clean the aerator: If the faucet is equipped with a removable aerator, let it soak for a maximum of 5 minutes in a solution of citric acid-based cleaner. Rinse it thoroughly and then reattach the aerator to the faucet.
- Cleaning overhead and hand showers: The silicone anti-lime nozzles are easy to clean by rubbing them with a circular motion using your fingers. This works best when the shower is in use, as you can immediately see if the spray nozzles are clear. For more stubborn limescale, we recommend cleaning the main or hand shower again with a cleaner specifically designed for this purpose.



What Not to Do:

- Do not use cleaning agents containing alcohol, salt, acetic acid, other aggressive acids, or chlorine.
- Do not use phosphorous-containing (professional) cleaners.
- **Do not mix different cleaning agents.**
- Avoid aggressive cleaning agents, abrasives, scrubbing pads, or microfiber cloths.
- Do not allow cleaning products to sit on the surface.
- Always apply cleaning products to a cloth or sponge first, not directly to the surface being cleaned.
- Note: Skincare products such as shampoo, shower gel, and liquid soap may cause damage.

Water Softeners:

Water softeners can be harmful to metals, protective coatings, and color layers of products, especially in the case of low-quality or poorly maintained water softeners. With a low dH setting, the risk of damage increases. We advise not setting the water softener lower than 4 dH.

Note: Damage caused by incorrect cleaning or improper water softener settings is not covered by the warranty.